

Electron-Phonon-Interaction is an Intrinsic Parameter of Elements for Study Scattering and Search for New Materials

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The search of new superconducting, thermoelectric or dielectric materials has emphasized the importance of the dimensionless Electron-Phonon-Interaction (EPI) parameter λ . The critical temperature T_C is directly related with EPI by the McMillian formula [1]. When finding materials with large EPI they are also expected to have a large Seebeck voltage. In a previous investigation, we had found that EPI is correlated with rare earth dielectric properties and their Mendeleev number, when the elements are divided in groups of semi-conductors, transition, alkali and noble metals (Fig. 1 from [2]). While detailed EPI studies [3] are very time consuming, we provide here a new method. Electron-phonon interaction for about forty solid-state elements was analyzed by straining the crystal structure of a cubic unit cell of each chemical element in several steps in isotropic compression and expansion. The electronic band-structure is calculated by Vienna Ab-initio Simulation program (VASP). The stress dependences of seven bands below and above the Fermi level were analyzed for the different symmetry points, such as Γ , Δ , X, Z, M, Σ , Λ .

The results show that each element has a characteristic behavior like a fingerprint. Elements with a small EPI, like noble metals, show only weak strain dependences, or as a second type, all bands change in the same way. Elements with a large EPI show strong scattering of each symmetry points in a different manner (fig. 2 Nb, large EPI).

This new analysis method is a fast and useful tool for screening crystal structures whether they have a large EPI. The next step is applying to ternary phases [4].

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[2] W. Wunderlich, H. Ohsato, JJAP 52 (2013), doi: 10.7567/JJAP.52.09KH04

[3] W. Wunderlich, D. Menzel, Phonons in FeSi analyzed by ab-initio, Ann. Conf. German Physics Soc. (2011)

[4] W. Wunderlich, Y. Motoyama MRS. Symp. Proc. Vol. 1128-U01-10 (2009) 1-6.

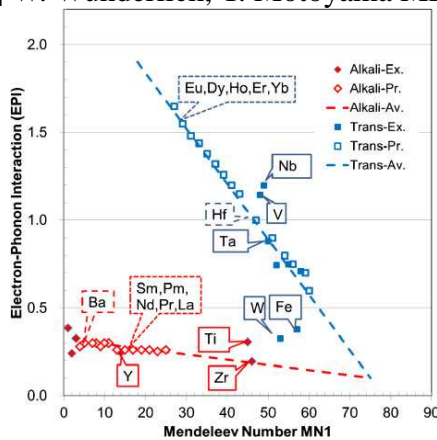


Fig. 1 Dependence of electron-phonon interaction on Mendeleev number MN1 [2]

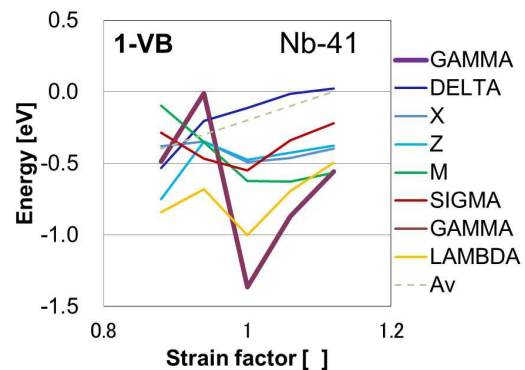


Fig. 2 Strain dependence of the energy of the first valence band in Nb ($\lambda=1.25$)